

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2000

LCO No. 4882

Offered by:

REP. MUSHINSKY, 85th Dist. REP. BOUGHTON, 138th Dist. REP. DANDROW, 30th Dist. REP. D'AMELIO, 71st Dist. REP. TERCYAK, 26th Dist. REP. DELGOBBO, 70th Dist. REP. AMANN, 118th Dist. REP. FREY, 111th Dist. REP. BEALS, 88th Dist. REP. GOOGINS, 31st Dist. REP. CARUSO, 126th Dist. REP. HAMZY, 78th Dist. REP. CHRIST, 11th Dist. REP. HEAGNEY, 16th Dist. REP. KERENSKY, 14th Dist. REP. KLARIDES, 114th Dist. REP. LAWLOR, 99th Dist. REP. MILLER, 122nd Dist. REP. MANTILLA, 4th Dist. REP. NYSTROM, 46th Dist. REP. MCCLUSKEY, 20th Dist. REP. POWERS, 151st Dist. REP. O'ROURKE, 32nd Dist. REP. PRELLI, 63rd Dist. REP. STONE, 9th Dist. REP. ROWE, 123rd Dist. REP. SHEA, 112th Dist. REP. THOMPSON, 13th Dist. REP. TRUGLIA, 145th Dist. REP. SIMMONS, 43rd Dist. REP. VILLANO, 91st Dist. REP. STRIPP, 135th Dist. REP. BERNHARD, 136th Dist. REP. TYMNIAK, 133rd Dist. REP. BOUCHER, 143rd Dist REP. WINKLER, 41st Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 5624 File No. 373 Cal. No. 306

"An Act Concerning The Administration Of Child Care Programs Under The Department Of Social Services."

- 1 After line 135, insert the following and renumber the remaining
- 2 section accordingly:

"Sec. 4. (NEW) (a) Any hospital or other licensed health care provider may refer to the Commissioner of Children and Families any newborn if such newborn has special medical needs resulting from narcotic withdrawal or fetal alcohol syndrome diagnosed by a licensed physician and the hospital or other licensed health care provider has a reasonable belief that the newborn will be denied proper medical care and attention.

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(b) The commissioner shall complete an investigation of the referral prior to the discharge of such newborn or not more than seven calendar days of referral, which ever is less. In substantiating that a newborn is at high risk of neglect, the investigation shall include an assessment of the following: (1) The extent of the mother's prenatal care during the pregnancy of the newborn; (2) the failure of the parent to participate in services offered in the hospital to meet the special needs of the newborn; (3) the physical and mental ability of the parent to provide care to the newborn, including the provisions of appropriate care in the home; (4) the willingness of the parent to participate in appropriate services for such parent and the newborn; (5) support services within the family or community that are available to the parents of the newborn and the willingness of the parents to access such services; and (6) the safety and adequacy of the home. Substantiation shall be made by interview, contact with others, observation of parent and child and review of documents and shall be performed in collaboration with the physician of the newborn, other licensed health care providers providing direct care to the newborn, social workers and appropriate community organizations. For the purposes of this section, the treatment of any newborn by an accredited Christian Science practitioner in lieu of treatment by a licensed practitioner of the healing arts shall not constitute a high risk of neglect.

(c) Not less than three days after a newborn determined to be at high risk of neglect is released from the hospital, the commissioner shall provide or arrange for intensive supervision of the newborn which shall include, but not be limited to, visits to the newborn and

37 family of such newborn, twice a week for at least four weeks. In 38 providing for or arranging such supervision, the commissioner shall 39 take into consideration the discharge plan developed by the hospital 40 for the newborn in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to 41 section 19a-504c of the general statutes. The commissioner shall assign 42 a caseworker to the family. The commissioner shall establish uniform 43 guidelines for contact with the family which shall include, but not be 44 limited to, the following: (1) The purpose and method of the contact; 45 (2) the mechanism for collaborating or contracting with agencies 46 providing home-based services; and (3) provisions to close the case or 47 to continue contact for more than four weeks. Such guidelines shall not 48 be deemed to be regulations, as defined in subdivision (13) of section 49 4-166 of the general statutes.

Sec. 5. Section 46b-120 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

The terms used in this chapter shall, in its interpretation and in the interpretation of other statutes, be defined as follows: (1) "Child" means any person under sixteen years of age and, for purposes of delinquency matters, "child" means any person (A) under sixteen years of age or, (B) sixteen years of age or older who, prior to attaining sixteen years of age, has violated any federal or state law or municipal or local ordinance, other than an ordinance regulating behavior of a child in a family with service needs, and, subsequent to attaining sixteen years of age, violates any order of the Superior Court or any condition of probation ordered by the Superior Court with respect to such delinquency proceeding; (2) "youth" means any person sixteen to eighteen years of age; (3) "abused" means that a child or youth (A) has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon [him] such child or youth other than by accidental means, or (B) has injuries which are at variance with the history given of them, or (C) is in a condition which is the result of maltreatment such as, but not limited to, malnutrition, sexual molestation or exploitation, deprivation of necessities, emotional maltreatment or cruel punishment; (4) a child may be found "mentally deficient" who, by reason of a deficiency of intelligence,

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which has existed from birth or from early age, requires, or will require, for [his] the child's protection or for the protection of others, special care, supervision and control; (5) a child may be convicted as "delinquent" who has violated (A) any federal or state law or municipal or local ordinance, other than an ordinance regulating behavior of a child in a family with service needs, (B) any order of the Superior Court or (C) conditions of probation as ordered by the court; (6) a child or youth may be found "dependent" whose home is a suitable one for [him, save] the child or youth, except for the financial inability of [his] such child's or youth's parents, parent [,] or guardian or other person maintaining such home [,] to provide the specialized care [his] such child's or youth's condition requires; (7) a "family with service needs" means a family which includes a child who (A) has without just cause run away from [his] the parental home or other properly authorized and lawful place of abode; (B) is beyond the control of [his] such child's parent, parents, guardian or other custodian; (C) has engaged in indecent or immoral conduct; (D) is a truant or habitual truant or who, while in school, has been continuously and overtly defiant of school rules and regulations; or (E) is thirteen years of age or older and has engaged in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is thirteen years of age or older and not more than two years older or younger than such child; (8) a child or youth may be found "neglected" who (A) has been abandoned or (B) is being denied proper care and attention, physically, educationally, emotionally or morally or (C) is being permitted to live under conditions, circumstances or associations injurious to [his] the well-being of the child or youth or (D) has been abused or (E) is an infant (i) who the Department of Children and Families has substantiated to be a newborn at high risk of neglect under section 1 of this act, (ii) whose parents are not following the discharge plan of the hospital or participating in the program of supervision arranged by said department, and (iii) for whom the failure to follow the plan or participate in the program places such infant in danger; (9) a child or youth may be found "uncared for" who is homeless or whose home cannot provide the specialized care which [his] the child's or youth's

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physical, emotional or mental condition requires. For the purposes of 106 107 this section the treatment of any child by an accredited Christian 108 Science practitioner in lieu of treatment by a licensed practitioner of 109 the healing arts, shall not of itself constitute neglect or maltreatment; 110 (10) "delinquent act" means the violation of any federal or state law or 111 municipal or local ordinance, other than an ordinance regulating the 112 behavior of a child in a family with service needs, or the violation of 113 any order of the Superior Court; (11) "serious juvenile offense" means 114 (A) the violation by a child, including attempt or conspiracy to violate 115 sections 21a-277, 21a-278, 29-33, as amended, 29-34, 29-35, as amended, 116 53-21, 53-80a, 53-202b, 53-202c, 53-390 to 53-392, inclusive, 53a-54a to 117 53a-57, inclusive, 53a-59 to 53a-60c, inclusive, as amended, 53a-70 to 118 53a-71, inclusive, <u>as amended</u>, 53a-72b, <u>as amended</u>, 53a-86, 53a-92 to 119 53a-94a, inclusive, 53a-95, 53a-101, 53a-102a, 53a-103a, 53a-111 to 53a-120 113, inclusive, subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-122, 121 subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 53a-123, 53a-134, 53a-135, 122 53a-136a, 53a-166, 53a-167c, subsection (a) of section 53a-174, 53a-196a, 123 53a-211, 53a-212, 53a-216 or 53a-217b, or (B) running away, without 124 just cause, from any secure placement other than home while referred 125 as a delinquent child to the Office of Alternative Sanctions or 126 committed as a delinquent child to the Commissioner of Children and 127 Families for a serious juvenile offense; (12) "serious juvenile offender" 128 means any child convicted as delinquent for commission of a serious 129 juvenile offense; (13) "serious juvenile repeat offender" means any 130 child charged with the commission of any felony if such child has 131 previously been convicted delinquent at any age for two violations of 132 any provision of title 21a, 29, 53 or 53a which is designated as a felony; 133 (14) "alcohol-dependent child" means any child who has a 134 psychoactive substance dependence on alcohol as that condition is 135 defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric 136 Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders"; 137 (15) "drug-dependent child" means any child who has a psychoactive 138 substance dependence on drugs as that condition is defined in the 139 most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's 140 "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders". No child shall

be classified as drug dependent who is dependent (A) upon a morphine-type substance as an incident to current medical treatment of a demonstrable physical disorder other than drug dependence, or (B) upon amphetamine-type, ataractic, barbiturate-type, hallucinogenic or other stimulant and depressant substances as an incident to current medical treatment of a demonstrable physical or psychological disorder, or both, other than drug dependence."